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## Gas Ws \#2: More Problems with Boyle, Charles \& Lussac

Show all your work and provide answers in the correct number of sig figs.
Circle your final answer with units.

1. An inflated balloon occupies a volume of 3.20 L at $25.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. What volume will the balloon occupy at $50.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ if the pressure is constant?
2. Suppose a used aerosol can contains a gas at 760 torr and $25.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. If this can is heated in a fire to $500.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, what will be the pressure of the gas inside the can?
3. The gas in an aerosol container has a pressure of 3.00 atm at $57.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. What will be the new pressure if the temperature is lowered to $-173.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ? Assume the volume stays the same.
4. A gas with a volume of 40.0 L at a pressure of 0.90 atm is allowed to expand until the pressure drops to 0.20 atm . assuming the temperature is constant, what is the new volume?
5. The pressure in an automobile tire is 2.0 atm at $27.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. At the end of a journey on a hot sunny day, the pressure has risen to 2.2 atm . What is the temperature of the air in the tire? Assume the volume of gas has not changed.
6. 5.00 L of air at $-50.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ are warmed to $100.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. What is the new volume if the pressure doesn't change?
7. Suppose we have a sample of ammonia gas with a volume of 3.50 L at a pressure of 1.68 atm . The gas is compressed to a volume of 1.35 L at a constant temperature. Calculate the final pressure.
8. A sample of methane gas has a volume of 3.8 L at $5.00^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. If the sample is heated to $86.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ at a constant pressure, what would be the new volume?
9. What volume will be occupied by nitrogen in a 50.0 L cylinder at a pressure of 120.5 atm when it expands into a space where the pressure is 733.0 mm Hg ?
10. A balloon of gas occupies 2.500 L at 780.0 torr. What new volume will the gas occupy at 760.0 torr if the temperature is constant?
